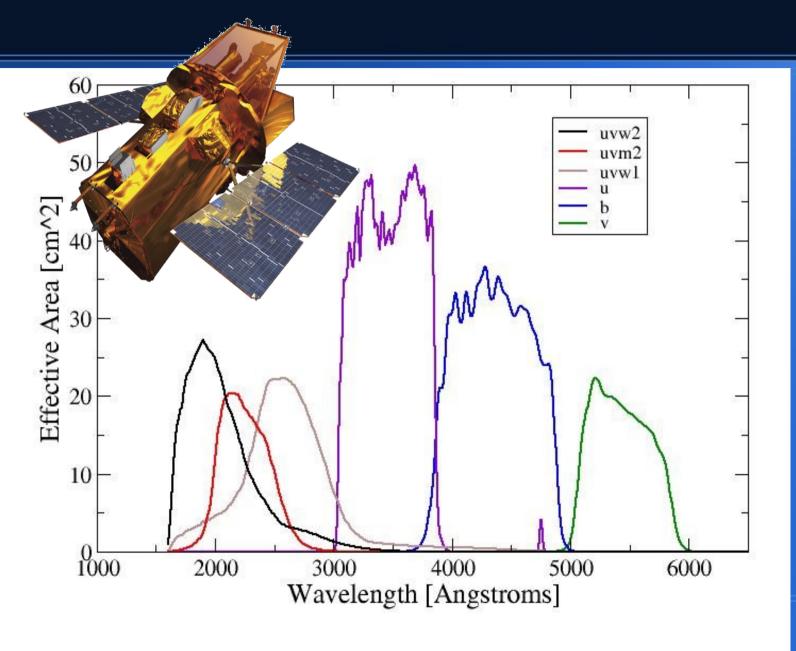
### Ultraviolet Properties of Supernovae from Swift/SDS

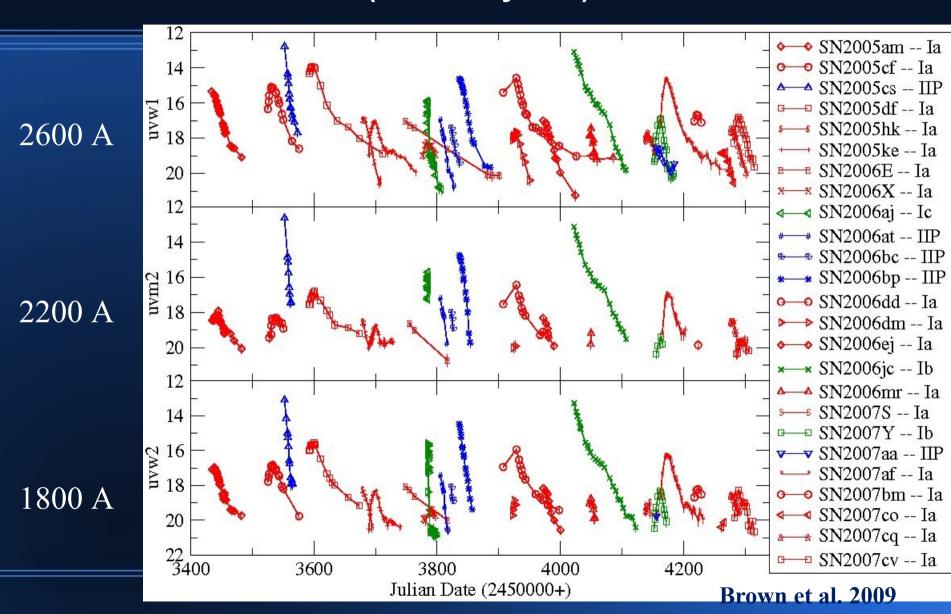
Peter J. Brown
University of Utah
SDSS-II SN Collaboration Mtg
October 25, 2010

#### **Swift UVOT Filter Curves**

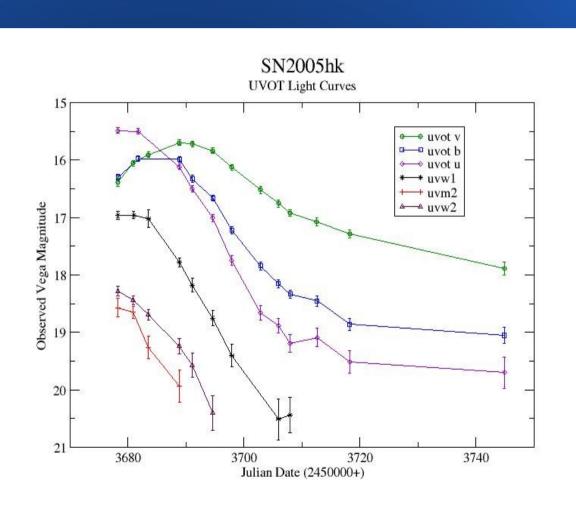


#### Timeline view of Swift SNe

(first 2 ½ years)



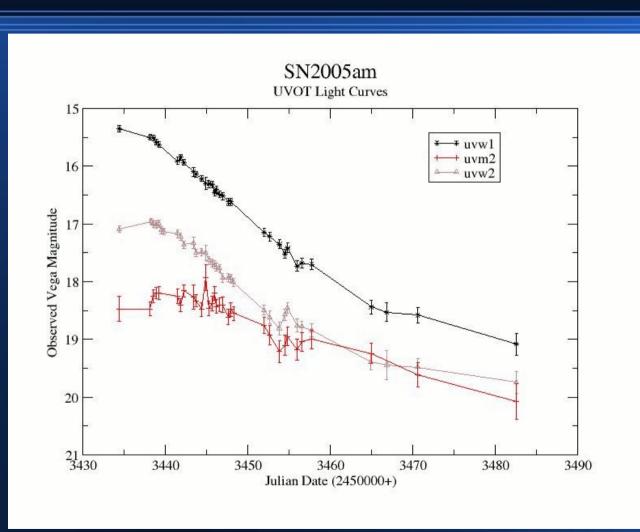
#### **Swift-SDSS SNe**



Limited due to the low redshift accessible to Swift UVOT (z<0.02ish)

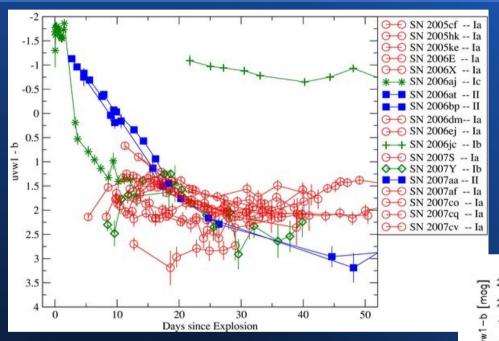
Peculiar SN Ia 2005hk was well observed, showing an early UV peak that faded earlier than the optical (Phillips et al. 2007)

### **Growing Swift SN Sample**



 Large sample allows comparisons between but also within types -range of properties, different subclasses, host environments, etc

### Differentiating SNe by UV colors

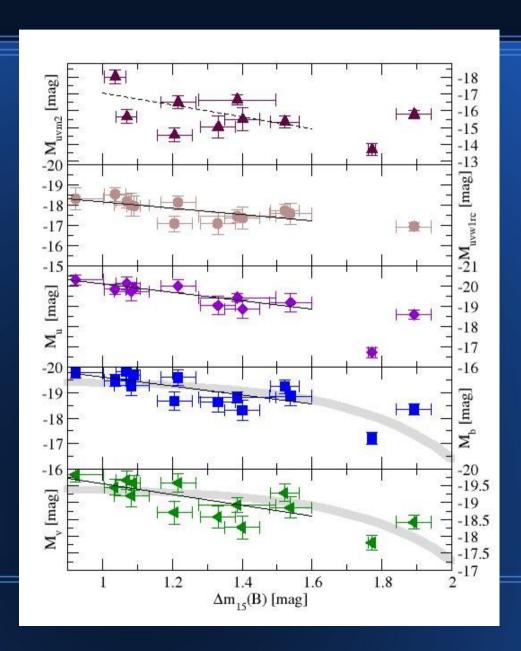


• SN Ia subtypes can also be identified by their peculiar UV-optical color evolution (Milne et al. 2010)

 Young SNe II are easily identified by their blue UV colors
 (Brown et al 2009)

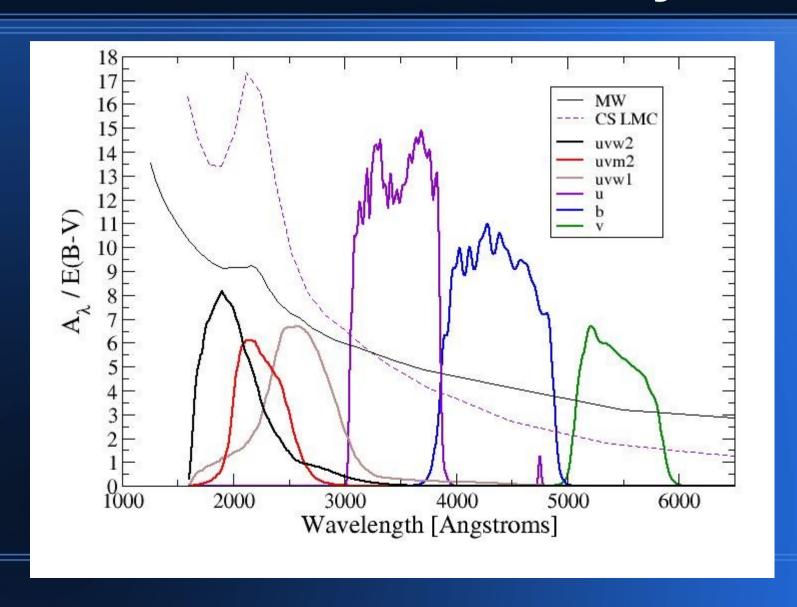
2.5 | Q | OBac |

#### **UV Absolute Magnitudes of SNe la**

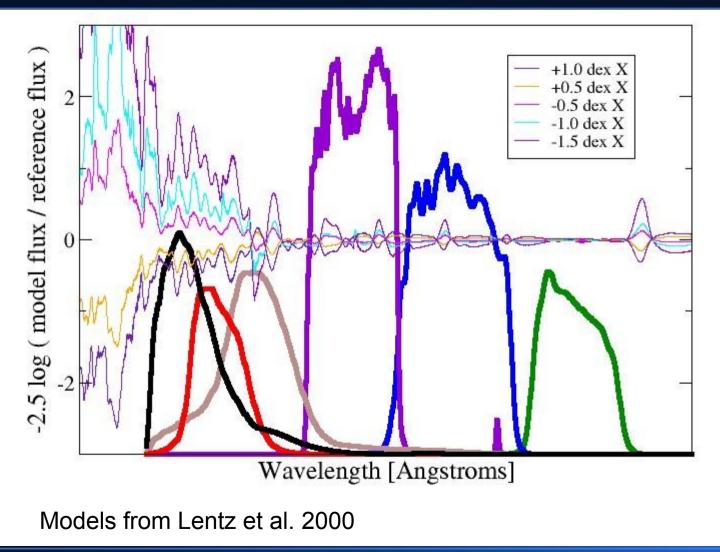


- Scatter in optical and near-UV consistent with observational errors (primarily uncertainty in Hubble flow distance for this nearby sample)
- uvm2 absolute magnitudes show evidence for larger intrinsic scatter (Brown et al. 2010)

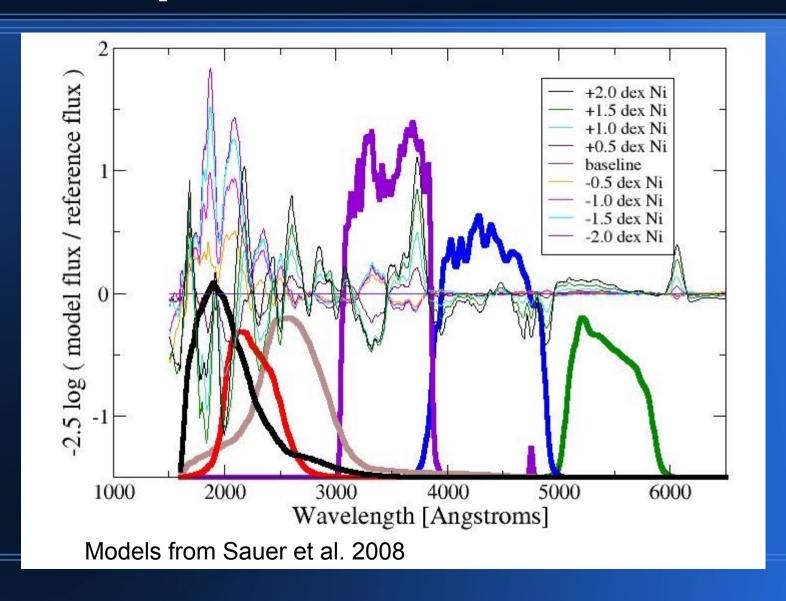
# What causes the uvm2 scatter? Extinction? Metallicity?



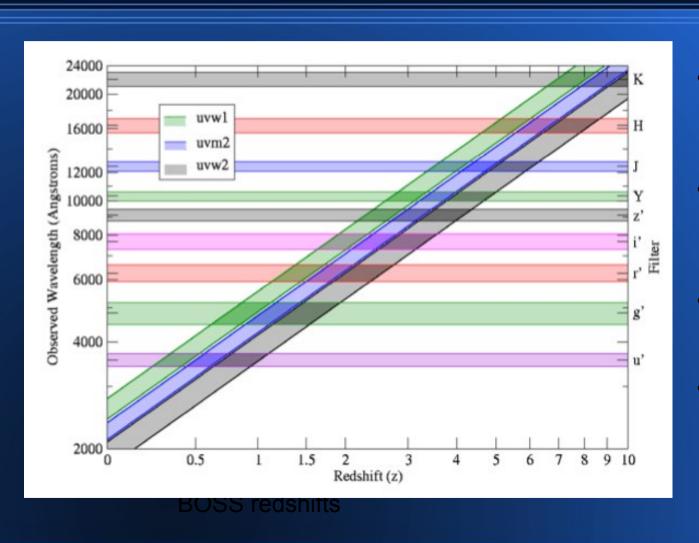
# Effect of heavy element abundances on UV Spectra of SNe Ia



# Effect of <sup>55</sup>Ni abundance on UV spectrum of SNe la

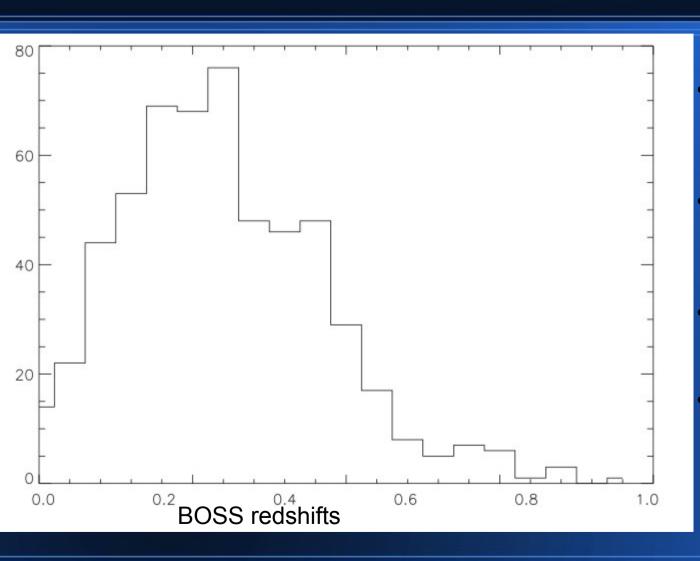


#### Near-UV with SDSS II



- Swift SNe provide an excellent low redshift comparison sample
- For higher redshift SNe the u band probes shorter wavelengths
- Sloan u maps to uvw1 at z~0.3-0.4

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# Comoparisons of Near-UV SEDs, colors, absolute magnitudes

- Local v. z~0.3
- Passive v. star forming galaxy
- Correlations with galaxy properties
- Stacking BOSS spectra for galaxies with similar colors when individual spectra don't have enough signal for detailed analysis
  - Stacking BOSS spectra for galaxies hosting SNe of similar stretch and/or color

# Differences between low redshift and high redshift SNe in the UV?

- Hsiao templates (with much of UV info coming from higher redshift SNLS SNe) much bluer (more UV flux) than low redshift Swift Sne
- Similar effect seen in low v mid redshift spectra (Foley et al. 2010)

# R\_U is similar for regular and circumstellar dust

